

Elton Primary School- Knowledge Organiser

Geography Topic:

Human/physical features

Year:

Year 2 Summer 1

What is a map?

A map is a drawing of an actual place that uses lines and symbols to represent real-life objects. People have used maps for hundreds of years to help them travel from place to place.

Key Features

Key features of maps include: a title, a compass rose, symbols, a key and different colours for important things, such as green for forests and blue for rivers.



Key Vocabulary

Forest-a large area covered with trees

Hill-a naturally raised area of land

Vegetation-plants or plant life in a particular place.

Soil-the top layer of the earth's surface in which plants grow

River- a large natural stream of water flowing in a particular course toward a lake, ocean, or other body of water.

Port-a place where ships load and unload.

City-a large town, usually with a cathedral

Town-a built up area with a name and boundaries

Village-a group of houses and buildings, smaller than a town

Factory-a place where goods are manufactured to be sold

Harbour-a place on the coast where ships moor

Physical

Beach



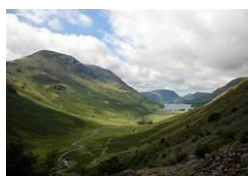
Cliff



Forest



Mountain



Ocean



Human

City (Chester)



Village (Elton)



Farm



Shop (Spar, Elton)

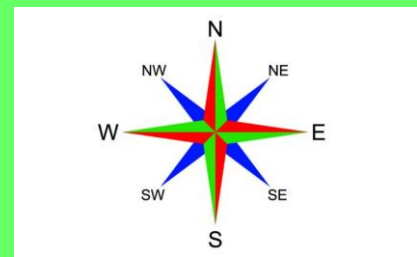


Oil refinery (Elton)



Compass Directions-

People use a compass to help them position and use a map accurately. The main points of a compass are north, south, east and west.



Physical feature-

A feature that has been formed by nature e.g. beach, vegetation, season, weather

Human feature-

A feature that has been made or changed by humans e.g. bridges, town, factory, port, harbour.