

# Year 3- DT- Textiles

## Textiles

In DT we will be designing

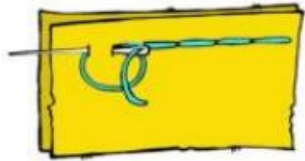
and making a bag

inspired by our English

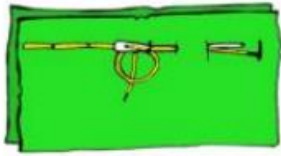
book- Zeraffa Giraffa.



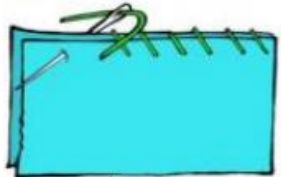
## Joining Techniques



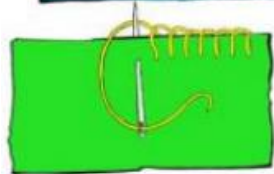
Back stitch



Backward running stitch



Over sew stitch



Blanket stitch



Running stitch

## Seam

### Allowance

The seam allowance is the area between the fabric edge and the stitching line between two or more pieces of material being sewn together. Without the seam allowance, the seam could not exist as the stitches would fall out.

## Key Vocabulary

Appliqué - means 'applied' - describes method of stitching/gluing patches on fabric (originally to mend holes in worn clothes) to provide decoration.

Pattern/Template - a shape drawn to the exact shape and size and used to assist cutting out.

Seam - a line of stitching that joins pieces of fabrics together.

Textile - a type of cloth or woven fabric.

Fabric - cloth or other material produced by weaving or knitting fibres.

Sewing - the craft of fastening or attaching objects using stitches made with a needle and thread.

Stitch - a loop of thread or yarn resulting from a single pass or movement of the needle in sewing, knitting, or crocheting.

## Possible Fastenings

Buttons - first discovered by the Indus Valley Civilisation (2800BCE).

Velcro - first conceived in 1941 by a Swiss engineer called George de Mestral. Uses lots of tiny little hooks on one side and tiny little loops on the other.

